1. The Portfolios

The <u>Financial Administration Act</u>, section 43, subsection 1, authorizes the Minister of Finance and Corporate Relations to establish and operate pooled investment portfolios "... in which the money from trust funds, special funds or other funds, other public money and the money of government bodies and designated institutions may be combined in common for the purpose of investment by means of investment units of participation in a pooled investment portfolio."

Under section 41 of the <u>Financial Administration Act</u> and the enactment of the <u>Public Sector Pension Plans Act</u>, the British Columbia Investment Management Corporation (bclMC) is authorized to exercise the investment powers, duties and functions of the Minister of Finance and Corporate Relations in respect of these funds, including the management of the pooled investment portfolios. bclMC was established under the <u>Public Sector Pension Plans Act</u> as a trust company authorized to carry on trust business and investment management services. These financial statements have been prepared by bclMC staff and are the responsibility of bclMC management.

The portfolios consist of investments, authorized by Section 40, subsections 1, 4 and 6, and Section 43, subsection 8, of the Einancial Administration Act.

Fund ST1 was established on April 21, 1986, and invests primarily in Canadian money market investments maturing within one month.

Fund ST2 was established on September 19, 1986, and invests primarily in Canadian money market investments maturing within 15 months.

Fund ST3 was established on August 1, 1990, and invests primarily in U.S. money market investments maturing within one month.

The Indexed Government Bond Fund was established on September 1, 1993, and invests primarily in bonds which are issued or guaranteed by the government of Canada or a provincial government.

The Long Term Bond Fund was established on February 1, 1999, and invests primarily in bonds which are issued or guaranteed by the government of Canada or a provincial government.

The British Columbia Focus Fund was established on March 31, 1994. Its investments are long term in nature and are generally made in partnership with other investors, outside the structure of public markets. The partnerships invest primarily in debt and equity investments in Canadian companies situated in British Columbia. Investments are generally related to venture capital, buy-out financing or expansion and development financing for companies at various stages of development. The fund was closed as at September 1, 1994. Distribution of net assets to the unitholders will be made as investments are wound up.

The Indexed Canadian Equity Fund was established on December 12, 1989, and invests primarily in common stock of the Canadian companies that comprise the Toronto Stock Exchange 300 Composite Index.

The Active Canadian Equity Fund was established on July 26, 1990, and invests primarily in diversified portfolios of common shares of Canadian companies.

The TSE 100 Index Equity Fund was established on June 27, 1994, and invests primarily in common stock of the Canadian companies that comprise the Toronto Stock Exchange 100 Composite Index.

The TSE Ex Equity Fund was established on October 31, 2000, and invests primarily in common stock of 180 to 190 Canadian companies that comprise the Toronto Stock Exchange 300 Composite Index.

1. The Portfolios (Continued)

The Active U.S. Equity Fund was established on October 20, 1993, and invests primarily in diversified portfolios of common stock of U.S. companies.

The S & P 500 Index Equity Fund was established on February 6, 1995, and invests primarily in common stock of the U.S. companies that comprise the Standard and Poors 500 Composite Index.

The U.S. Index Enhanced Equity Fund was established on September 1, 1998, and invests primarily in common stock of U.S. companies.

The U.S. Value Index Equity Fund was established on October 13, 2000, and invests primarily in common stock of the U.S. companies that comprise the Standard and Poors/BARRA Value Index.

Participation in each portfolio is expressed in units, each unit giving its holder a proportionate share in net assets. Unitholders may only acquire and redeem units on respective valuation dates. The value of a unit is \$1 million on establishment, and on subsequent valuation dates is determined by dividing the market value of the net assets of the portfolio by the total number of units outstanding.

The number of portfolio units available for issue is unlimited, except for the British Columbia Focus Fund. The British Columbia Focus Fund is a closed-end fund, which was limited in participation to a prescribed set of unitholders at the time the fund was established. As noted above, the British Columbia Focus Fund has not issued new units of investment since September 1, 1994.

The financial statements of Fund ST3 are presented in U.S. dollars.

For the Active U.S. Equity Fund, the \$ & P 500 Index Equity Fund, the U.S. Index Enhanced Equity Fund and the U.S. Value Index Equity Fund, the \$1 million unit value equated to \$1.321 million, \$1.398 million, \$1.553 and \$1.513 million in translated Canadian dollars respectively, based on foreign currency exchange rates on the funds' establishment dates as noted above. The financial statements of the U.S. equity funds are presented in Canadian dollars.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Valuation of Investments

Short term investments are valued at market derived from external quotations. Securities listed on a stock exchange are valued at their closing sale price on the valuation date. Securities not traded on that date are valued at the mean price between the latest bid and asked price. Securities not listed on any stock exchange, or which are traded over-the-counter, are valued in the same manner based on available public quotations from recognized dealers in such securities or at the price estimated by the fund manager to be the fair value.

Private placement investments are valued by the external managers at their estimates of fair value. Fair value is defined as the expected realization if investments were disposed of in an orderly distribution over a reasonable period of time. These valuations are reviewed by management.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b) Measurement Uncertainty

Financial statements prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make certain estimates and assumptions which can affect the reported balances. In determining the market value of some of its investments, particularly private placements, management relies on external fund managers' assumptions regarding investment industry performance and prospects, as well as general business and economic conditions that prevail and are expected to prevail. By nature, these asset valuations are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations. Should the underlying assumptions change, the reported market values may change by a material amount.

c) Investment Transactions and Income

Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date basis, except for private placement investments which are recorded on the closing date. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date, and interest income on the accrual basis. Income on foreign investments is reported net of withholding tax expense. Realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated based on the average cost for equities, cost for private placements, and amortized cost for money market securities and bonds. The amortized cost is the cost of acquisition adjusted by amortization of discounts and premiums on a true constant yield basis over the terms of the investments.

d) Issue and Redemption of Units

The issue and redemption of units are recorded on the trade date basis.

e) Foreign Currency Translation

Assets, liabilities and commitments in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the fiscal year-end exchange rate. Income, purchases and sales of investments are translated at the rate prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Realized and unrealized gains and losses include foreign currency translations.

f) Futures Contracts

A futures contract is a standardized exchange-traded contract, which effectively sets the price in advance for a future transaction in a specified amount of a currency, a basket of stocks or security. The final settlement for futures contracts may result in one party taking possession of the underlying asset, but usually there is a cash settlement of net gains or losses.

During the year, the Indexed Canadian Equity Fund, the S & P 500 Index Equity Fund and the U.S. Value Index Equity Fund entered into stock index futures contracts. The daily income (loss) on stock index futures contracts, including brokerage commissions and miscellaneous expenses on the purchase and sale of the contracts, are reported on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets as investment income.

3. Risk Management

In general, all pooled investment portfolios are exposed to price risk and credit risk. There are three types of price risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and market risk. Currency risk relates to the possibility that investments may change in value due to future changes in foreign exchange rates. Interest rate risk relates to the possibility that investments may change in value due to future changes in market risk relates to the possibility that investments may change in value due to future changes in market prices. Credit risk relates to the possibility that a loss may occur if another party fails to discharge an obligation. In order to avoid undue investment risk, bcIMC has established specific investment criteria for each pooled investment portfolio, such as minimum credit ratings for investees and counterparties, and investment diversification requirements. There is no undisclosed exposure in the funds' investments.

4. Correction of Prior Period Error

The comparative figures for the B.C. Focus Fund have been restated to reflect the correction of an error. A distribution receivable from an investee was not previously accrued by the fund. Offsetting this, an incentive fee payable within the same investee was also not previously accrued by the fund.

As a result of the restatement, on the Statement of Net Assets "Investments at market value" has decreased by \$2,206,618, "Distribution receivable" has increased by \$5,043,366, "Net assets representing unitholders' equity" has increased by \$2,836,748 and "Net asset value per unit" has increased by \$123. On the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, "Change in unrealized appreciation of investments" and "Net assets, end of year" have each increased by \$2,836,748.

5. Expenses

Custodial fees are applicable to the money market funds, the bond funds and the equity funds. Management fees are paid by the Active Canadian Equity Fund, the Active U.S. Equity Fund and the U.S. Index Enhanced Equity Fund to external fund managers for providing investment management and advisory services. For the British Columbia Focus Fund, in most cases, management fees are expenses of the various partnership investments - not of the fund. Where management fees are incurred directly by the fund, they are reported on the financial statements. Brokerage fees are incorporated into the cost and proceeds of equity and bond transactions.

6. S&P Futures Contracts

As at March 31, 2001, the Indexed Canadian Equity Fund holds 50 futures contracts to purchase the S & P/TSE 60 Composite Stock Index for settlement in June 2001. These contracts have a notional value of \$4,470,000 on March 31, 2001, resulting in accrued investment income of \$100,000. The fund intends to close out each futures contract before settlement by entering into equal, but offsetting, futures contracts.

With respect to the above futures contracts, \$547,370 of Government of Canada T-Bills maturing on September 13, 2001, are held on margin.

As at March 31, 2001, the S & P 500 Index Equity Fund holds 219 futures contracts to purchase the S & P 500 Composite Stock Index for settlement in June 2001. These contracts have a notional value of \$100,975,210 on March 31, 2001, resulting in accrued investment income of \$664,992. The fund intends to close out each futures contract before settlement by entering into equal, but offsetting, futures contracts.

With respect to the above futures contracts, \$7,216,171 of Government of Canada T-Bills maturing on April 5, 2001, are held on margin.

As at March 31, 2001, the U.S. Value Index Equity Fund holds 39 futures contracts to purchase the S & P/BARRA Value Stock Index for settlement in June 2001. These contracts have a notional value of \$9,166,271 on March 31, 2001, resulting in accrued investment income of \$69,208. The fund intends to close out each futures contract before settlement by entering into equal, but offsetting, futures contracts.

With respect to the above futures contracts, \$520,306 of Government of Canada T-Bills maturing on April 5, 2001, are held on margin.

7. Related Party Transactions

All inter-portfolio transactions are conducted at market value.

Third party costs that are attributable to a specific pooled investment portfolio are charged to that portfolio and shared on a pro-rata basis by the portfolio unitholders. Other costs are borne by bcIMC. bcIMC recovers these costs by charging the unitholders a management fee. This fee is calculated based on the market value of the unitholders' investment holdings administered by bcIMC.

8. Commitments

The British Columbia Focus Fund has outstanding commitments to invest an additional \$1.8 million with external managers.

9. Units Outstanding

The following is a summary of the changes in units outstanding during the year:

	FUND ST1		FUND ST2		FUND ST3	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Outstanding, beginning of year	670.231	282.687	878.008	618.886	100.145	84.387
Issued	7,957.825	7,933.300	1,644.808	2,213.650	1,110.191	376.235
Redeemed	(8,229.513)	(7,545.756)	(1,989.143)	(1,954.528)	(1,010.097)	(360.477)
Outstanding, end of year	398.543	670.231	533.673	878.008	200.239	100.145
	INDEXED GOVERNMENT BOND FUND		LONG TERM BOND FUND		BRITISH COLUMBIA FOCUS FUND	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Outstanding, beginning of year	106.026	97.702	201.991	201.991	22.956	30.179
Issued	5.590	15.471	517.781	-	-	-
Redeemed	(11.829)	(7.147)	(11.923)	<u> </u>	(9.722)	(7.223)
Outstanding, end of year	99.787	106.026	707.849	201.991	13.234	22.956
	INDEXED CANADIAN EQUITY FUND		ACTIVE CANADIAN EQUITY FUND		TSE 100 INDEX EQUITY FUND	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Outstanding, beginning of year	2,881.169	3,067.810	1,516.163	1,440.394	1,058.021	1,654.321
Issued	408.324	176.771	9.836	170.580	27.180	10.367
Redeemed	(791.801)	(363.412)	(267.901)	(94.811)	(697.702)	(606.667)
Outstanding, end of year	2,497.692	2,881.169	1,258.098	1,516.163	387.499	1,058.021

9. Units Outstanding (Continued)

Issued

Redeemed

Outstanding, end of year

	TSE EX EQUITY FUND		ACTIVE U.S EQUITY FUND		S & P 500 INDEX EQUITY FUND	
	2001 (no	ote 1)	2001	2000	2001	2000
Outstanding, beginning of year	-		467.282	443.878	496.501	532.242
Issued	2,523.988		34.930	29.676	100.820	27.184
Redeemed	(319.870)		(6.476)	(6.272)	(100.557)	(62.925)
Outstanding, end of year	2,204.118		495.736	467.282	496.764	496.501
	U.S. INDEX ENHANCED EQUITY FUND	U.S. VALUE INDEX EQUITY FUND				
	2001 2000		2001 (note 1)			
Outstanding, beginning of year	200.053	200.011		-		

538.827

(9.747)

529.080

2.040

(1.998)

200.053

(59.251)

140.802