



Board of Education of
School District No. 27 (Cariboo-Chilcotin)

P: 250.398.3800
F: 250.392.3600
350 North 2nd Avenue
Williams Lake, BC V2G 1Z9

September 15, 2011

Paul Straszak
President and CEO
Public Sector Employers' Council Secretariat
PO Box 9400 Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, BC V8V 9V1

Dear Mr. Straszak:

This letter will confirm that the Board of Education of School District No. 27 (Cariboo-Chilcotin) is aware of the total compensation paid to executive staff during the 2010-2011 fiscal year and further, that we verify the amount of compensation paid was within the compensation plan as approved by the Board and as reported in the Summary Compensation Table.

Yours truly,

Wayne Rodier,
Chair, Board of Education
School District No. 27 (Cariboo-Chilcotin)



Public Sector Executive Compensation Report 2010-2011

The Board of Education encourages and adopts practices that enable the district to attract, retain, incent, and reward qualified, high-performing employees, who are critical to the delivery of quality public education programs to students in School District No. 27 (Cariboo-Chilcotin).

A key component of this approach is the development and maintenance of a framework for executive and exempt staff compensation that is rational, defensible, competitive and able to be effectively administered.

Compensation Philosophy

The Board's compensation philosophy is based upon a set of principles that guide development, maintenance, and decision-making. At its core is an integrated view of compensation and rewards — not only traditional, quantifiable elements such as salary and benefits (compensation), but also more intangible elements such as career opportunities, learning and career development, work challenge, and supportive culture (rewards). This total rewards model further integrates with plans that establish the Board's overall education, business, and human resources strategies and objectives.

Inherent in the Board's compensation philosophy are the following objectives:

- To attract and retain qualified, experienced, motivated, and high-potential employees who are committed to the Board's overarching goal of delivering a high-quality public education experience to our students.
- To support employees through the provision of meaningful career growth and development opportunities, and a performance-based organizational culture.

Labour Market Comparators

Key to the compensation philosophy is the need to maintain a meaningful level of competitiveness with the external labour market. Consistent with industry standards, "labour market" is defined in the British Columbia Public School Employers' Association (BCPSEA) sectoral exempt compensation management plan (Policy 95-06, *Compensation and Employment Standards for School District Employees Not Subject to a Collective Agreement*) as:

- The recruitment pool for these employees
- The destination sector for these employees.

"Learning, Growing and Belonging Together"



The following considerations guide articulation of the relevant labour market:

- Degree of recruitment from these jurisdictions
- Transferability of skills
- Comparability of qualifications and experience
- Comparability of authority and consequence of error.

For executive and exempt staff positions in the BC K-12 public education sector, the relevant labour market is:

1. Other BC school districts (primary labour market)
2. Other Canadian school districts (To the extent that BC school boards recruit from and lose employees to these jurisdictions, this segment of the labour market is weighted to Alberta and Ontario (and to a lesser extent, Saskatchewan) consistent with the industry-standard definition of labour market.)
3. Other public sector organizations
4. Selected private sector organizations.

The Board's approach includes:

- Consideration of all components of the total rewards model.
- Consideration of the relevant labour market for compensation comparison purposes.
- Linking pay ranges to neutral, relevant factors (e.g., required skill level, required competencies, job content, required qualifications).
- Ensuring appropriate relationships exist between positions in the district's compensation hierarchy.
- Considering the ways in which appropriate organizational and individual performance measures may be linked to the administration of the compensation system.

In balancing external competitiveness with internal equity, the Board typically has determined that the reference point for executive and exempt total compensation is the median of the relevant comparator labour market.

The Board's total compensation package for executive staff is comprised of the following elements.

Cash compensation

- Annual base salary



- Annual base salary is considered in the context of the total compensation package. As per Board Motion 024.09 made April 30th, 2009 the Board approved executive staff compensations levels as follows: *“that the Board of Education approve excluded staff compensation levels, based on the Western Compensation Report, at the greater of median or average based on District’s of similarly sized budgets.”* The Western Compensation Report referred to was released in 2009.
- Paid time off, including an annual vacation entitlement of 30 days, increasing at a rate of 5 days for each 3 years of service to a maximum of 45 days. Pursuant to the *Public Sector Employers Act*, carry forward of unused accumulated vacation is not permitted and is paid out annually each December 31st.

In addition, the superintendent receives 21 days of paid time off annually in recognition of attendance at meetings during evenings and weekends and this Board’s annual adoption of a modified school calendar.

Non-cash compensation

The non-cash elements of the total compensation package include:

- **Health and welfare benefits**, such as basic medical, extended medical, dental, group life, short-term and long-term disability, employee and family assistance program, etc. consistent with such benefits as offered in the K-12 sector generally.
- **Pension benefits** — executive staff is enrolled in either the Teachers Pension Plan or the Municipal Pension Plan.

Compensation Administration

The Board engages in consistent and ongoing administration of the compensation structure to ensure that reality matches philosophy and that equity is maintained. An ongoing system of compensation review ensures that total compensation levels are benchmarked externally against the appropriate labour market and internally against appropriate job evaluation criteria.

The Board works with BCPSEA to obtain information and advice relating to the executive and exempt compensation structures. In addition, the Board utilizes the *BCPSEA Report on Total Compensation Paid to Exempt Employees* — the results of BCPSEA’s triennial survey of total compensation paid to exempt benchmark positions in BC public school districts as well as school districts in Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Ontario, and other relevant public sector employers.



▪ **Annual base salary administration**

The salary structure for the position of Superintendent of Schools (and other management positions) is a single rate structure, based on the premise that, at the outset of the employment relationship, the individual must be fully competent in all aspects of the position in order to effectively fulfill the duties and responsibilities of Superintendent.

The decision whether to grant a salary increase is at the sole discretion of the Board. In determining whether a salary increase is warranted, the Board considers such factors as performance, competence, external competitiveness, and internal equity including the maintenance of appropriate salary differentials through the organization. Increases are considered within the Board's overall compensation budget.

Accountability

Underlying the Board's compensation philosophy and approach is the understanding that legal and regulatory mandates are considered a baseline for implementing any compensation plan or practice. Compensation administration in the K-12 public education sector operates within the following context:

- the *Public Sector Employers Act*, which establishes the legislative policy framework for exempt staff compensation administration in the public sector
- the BCPSEA exempt staff compensation management plan (Policy 95-06, *Compensation and Employment Standards for School District Employees Not Subject to a Collective Agreement*), which is an approved compensation plan under the legislation, and
- the Public Education Negotiating Framework Compensation Plan – Exempt Staff (2006-2010).

Under the current compensation administration system in the K-12 sector:

- the Board of Education is solely responsible for the establishment and maintenance of compensation levels for the position of Superintendent of Schools. As elected school trustees, we are accountable to our public and therefore ensure that we adhere to proper human resources practices with respect to executive and exempt staff compensation.
- the Board must submit proposed compensation adjustments for all other executive and exempt positions in the district to BCPSEA for review and approval prior to implementation.

SD#27 Cariboo Chilcotin Summary Compensation Table Fiscal year 2010-2011							
Name & Position	Annual Salary	Bonus	Incentive Plan	Teachers Pension	All other benefits	Total \$	Previous 2 years
Superintendent:							
<i>Wright, Diane</i>	\$132,781.00			\$18,966.93	\$14,160.42	\$165,908.35	2008/2009= \$150,719.31 & Principal Salary= \$9,872.90 2009/2010= \$169,035.28
<i>Leckie, Wayne</i> (retired July 31st/08)							2008/2009= \$72,319.29