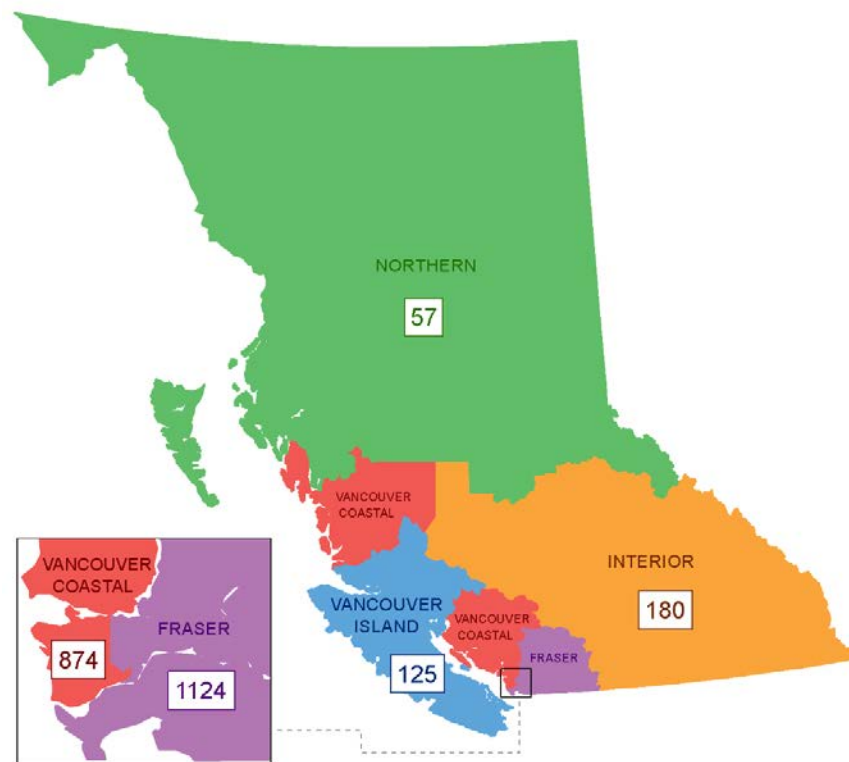


British Columbia COVID-19 Daily Situation Report, May 12, 2020*

Key findings

- The incidence in VCH and FHA is higher than the provincial average (Fig 1, Table 1).
- More than three-quarters of BC cases have been removed from isolation and are no longer considered infectious (Table 1).
- The number of new reported cases and hospital admissions continue to decline (Fig 2 and 4).
- The majority of cases (64%) have been infected locally following contact with another case or cluster of cases (Fig 5, Table 2).
- The proportion of positive tests has been consistently low for 2 weeks (Fig 6).
- No new outbreaks have been reported recently (Fig 8; Table 4).
- Healthcare useage has remained stable and low since early May (Fig 9-10).

Figure 1: Map of COVID-19 cases reported by health authority, BC, January 1 - May 12, 2020 (N=2,360)



*Findings are based on confirmed cases and probable lab cases (case definition found here: [http://www.bccdc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/case-definitions/covid-19-\(novel-coronavirus\)](http://www.bccdc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/case-definitions/covid-19-(novel-coronavirus))) reported from Health Authorities to BCCDC as of 10am, except where otherwise noted. Data represent a subset of actual infections and are subject to change with changes in testing recommendations and practices, changes in case definitions, data reconciliation and/or as data become more complete.

Table 1: Epidemiological profile of reported cases by health authority, BC, January 1 - May 12, 2020 (N=2,360)

	Fraser	Interior	Vancouver Island	Northern	Vancouver Coastal	Total N (%) ^a
Total number of cases	1,124	180	125	57	874	2,360
New cases since yesterday^b	6	0	0	0	1	7
Median age in years, cases ^c	51	48	52	44	56	52 years (range 0-103y)
Female sex, cases	556	88	68	33	484	1,229/2,355 (52%)
Cumulative incidence per 100,000 population^d	59	22	15	19	70	46
Ever hospitalized^e	239	29	25	12	169	474 (20%)
Median age in years, ever hospitalized ^c	69	62	72	48	69	69 years (range 0-98y)
Currently hospitalized ^e	36	2	1	2	22	63
Currently in critical care^f	9	0	0	1	6	16
Total number of deaths^e	44	2	5	0	80	131 (6%)
New deaths since yesterday^b	1	0	0	0	0	1
Median age in years, deaths ^c	84	73	85	NA	87	85 years (range 47-101y)
Discontinued isolation^g	810	175	115	51	681^h	1,832 (78%)

^a Denominator for % derivation is total number of cases (N), except sex for which denominator is as specified for those with known information on sex.

^b "New" cases and deaths reflect the difference in counts reported to the BCCDC between one day and the next as of 10am. This may not be equal to the number of cases/deaths by date reported to HA, as: (1) cases/deaths reported prior to 10am would be included as new cases/deaths in the current day's count and cases reported after 10am would be included in the next day's count; and (2) there may be some delays between cases/deaths being reported to HAs and then reported to BCCDC.

^c Median age is calculated based on those with known information for all, hospitalized, and deceased cases (n=2355, 474, and 131, respectively).

^d PEOPLE2019-2020 population estimates

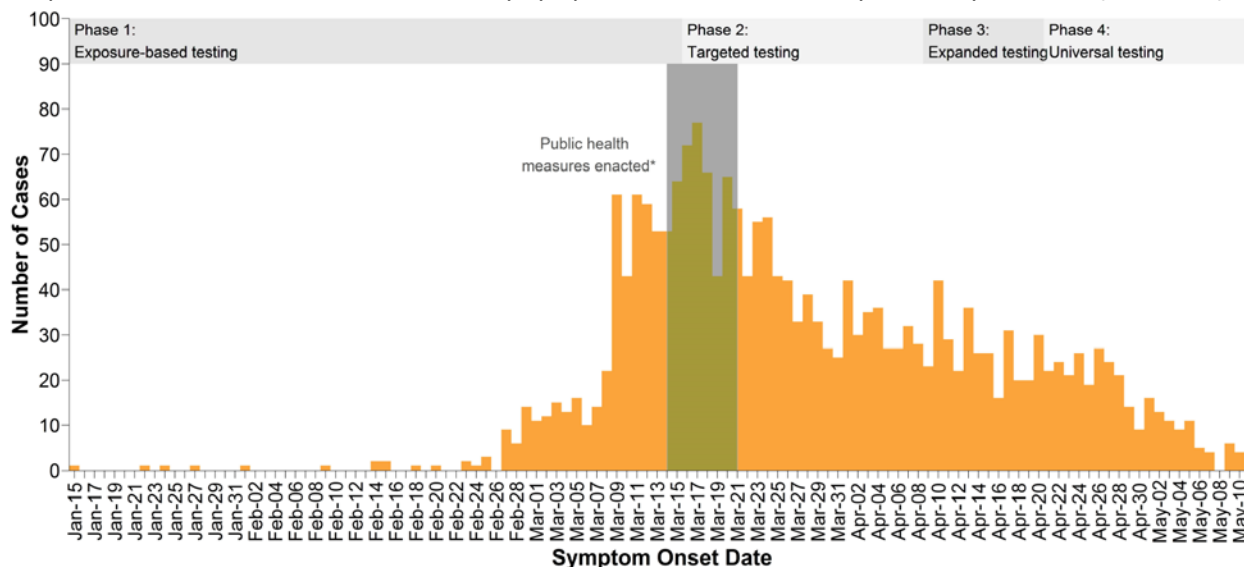
^e Serious outcomes (i.e., hospitalization, death) may be incomplete or out of date (i.e., under-estimates) owing to the timing and process for case status update.

^f Source: PHSa May 12 @10am. The number of COVID cases in critical care units is reported daily by each Health Authority and includes the number of COVID patients in all critical care beds (e.g., intensive care units; high acuity units; and other surge critical care spaces as they become available and/or required). Work is ongoing to improve the completeness and accuracy of the data reported.

^g Self-isolation has been discontinued per the criteria outlined in [BC guidelines for public health management of COVID-19](#)

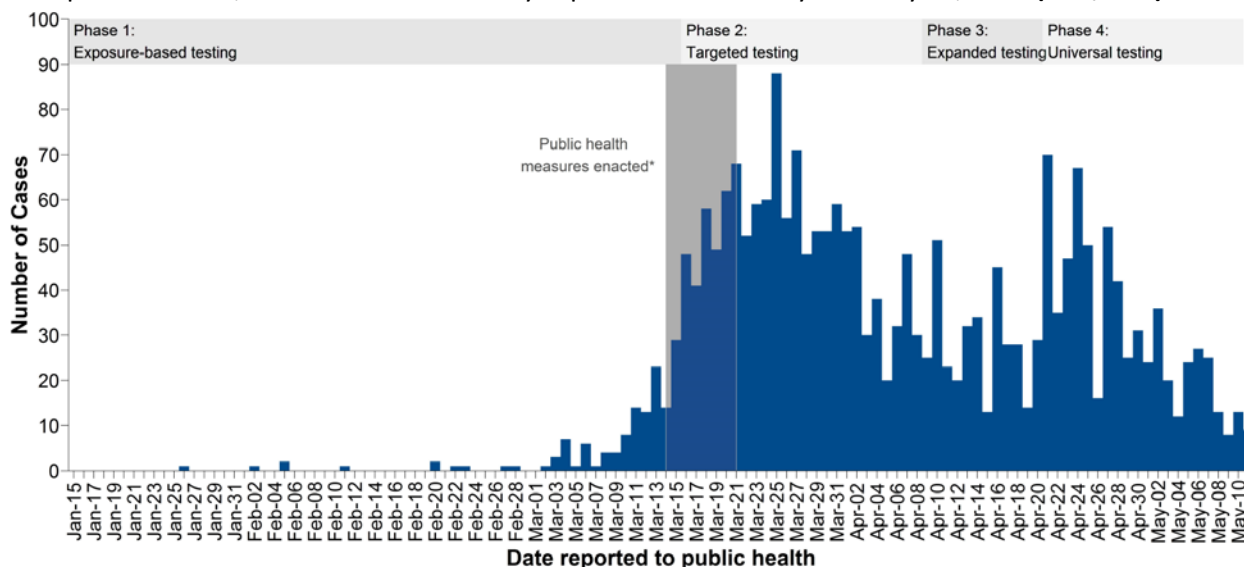
^h Large increase in cases who discontinued isolation since yesterday due to data reconciliation activities; not all occurred in the past 24h.

Figure 2: Epidemic curve, COVID-19 cases in BC by symptom onset date January 15 - May 11, 2020 (N=2,195[†])



[†] Only cases with symptom onset dates reported are included; cases with symptom onset date on the same day as this report are excluded as only a portion are available at the time the data are extracted.

Figure 3: Epidemic curve, COVID-19 cases in BC by reported date January 15 - May 11, 2020 (N=2,359[‡])

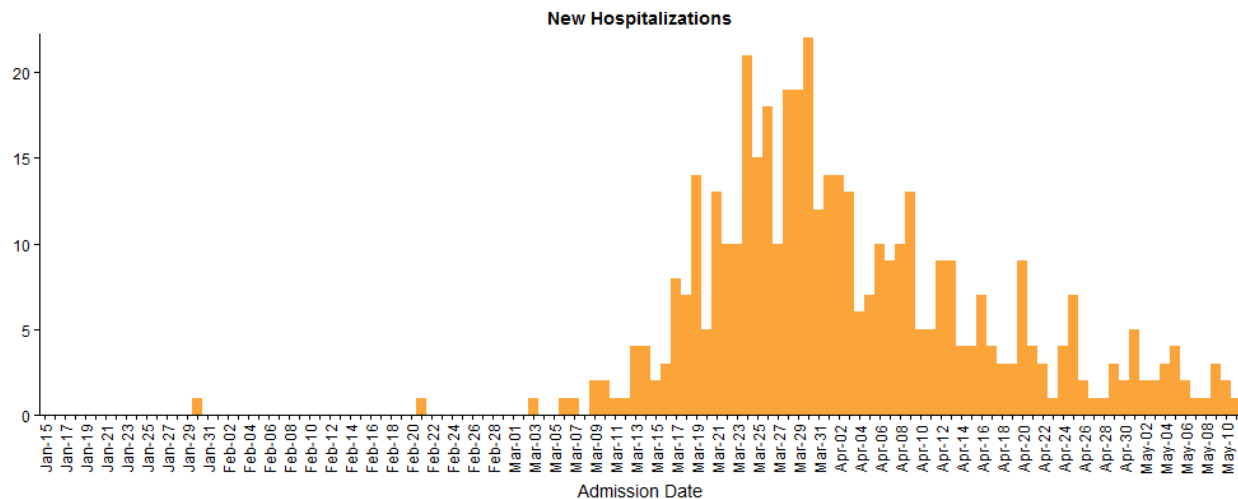


[‡] Cases reported on the same day as this report are excluded as only a portion are available at the time the data are extracted. The number of cases reported by day differs from that in Table 1 in previous reports as this figure reflects the date the case was lab-confirmed and reported to the Health Authority.

A number of public health measures were enacted during the week shaded in grey. These include: March 14: Spring break started for most schools; March 16: Mass gatherings public health order implemented (>50 people), entry of foreign nationals banned, symptomatic individuals banned from flights to Canada, international flights restricted to four national airports; March 17: BC public health emergency declared, traveller self-isolation public health order implemented; March 18: Provincial state of emergency declared, food and drink service restrictions public health order implemented; March 20: US/Canada border closed to non-essential travel; March 21: closure of personal service establishments. Please refer to footnote in Figure 6 for laboratory testing criteria changes.

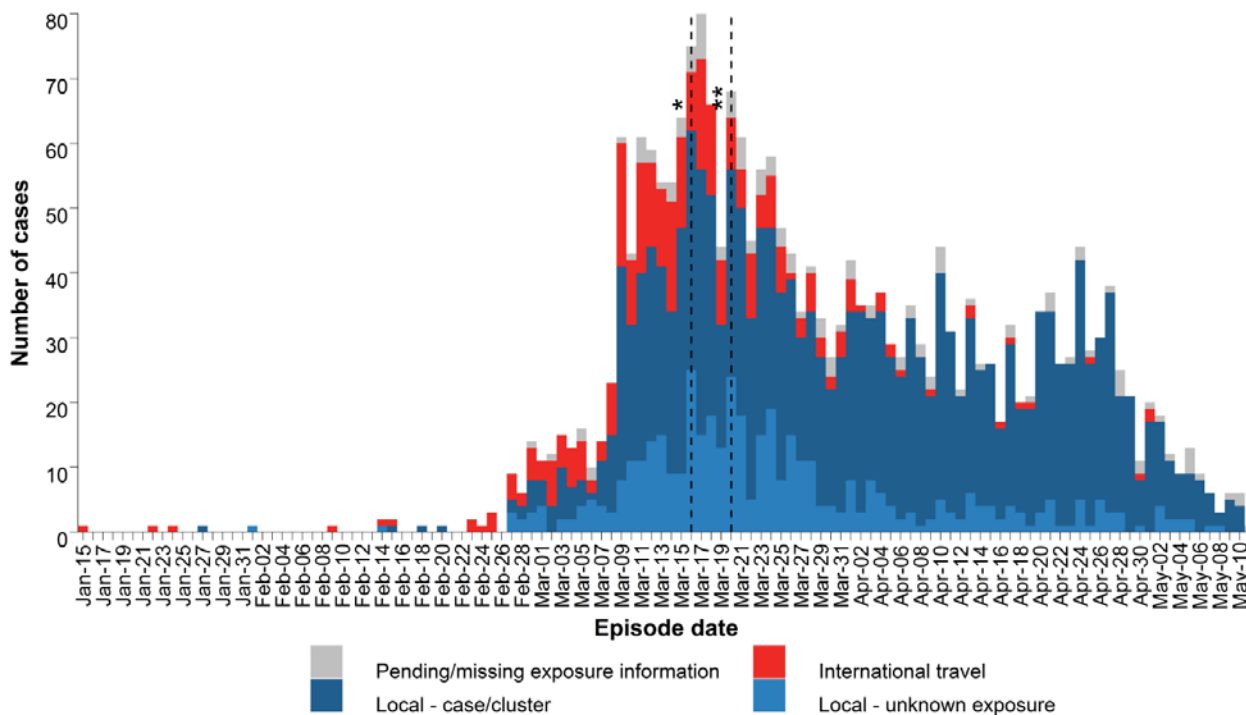
How to interpret the epidemic curves: Figure 2 shows the date that a case’s illness started. Figure 3 shows the date the illness was confirmed and reported by the laboratory. There is a delay between the beginning of a person’s illness (symptom onset date) and the date the laboratory confirms and reports the illness (reported date). New cases only have a reported date available and appear on the right of the curve in Figure 3, but their symptom onset would have occurred prior. As information on symptom onset becomes available through public health investigation, cases are expected to appear on earlier dates in Figure 2.

Figure 4. Number of new COVID-19 hospital admissions by admission date, BC, January 15 - May 11, 2020 (N=439*)



*Missing or invalid dates were excluded (n=0).

Figure 5: Likely source of infection for COVID-19 cases in BC by episode date[§], January 15 - May 11, 2020 (N=2,359)



[§] Episode date is based on symptom onset date (n=2,195), if not available then date COVID-19 was reported to health authority (n=164).

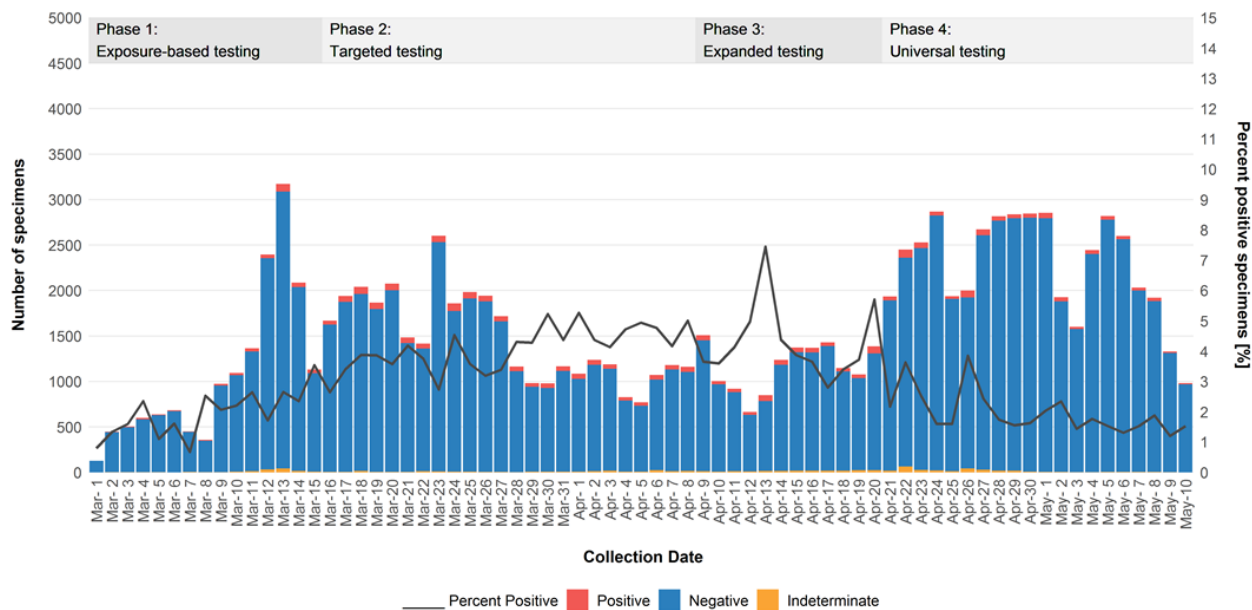
* March 16: Entry of foreign nationals banned; symptomatic individuals banned from flights to Canada; international flights restricted to four national airports.

** March 20: US/Canada border closed to non-essential travel.

Table 2: Number and proportion of likely source of infection for COVID-19 cases in BC, January 15 - May 11, 2020 (N=2,359)

International travel n (%)	Local – case/cluster n (%)	Local – unknown source n (%)	Pending/missing info n (%)
301 (13)	1,512 (64)	430 (18)	116 (5)

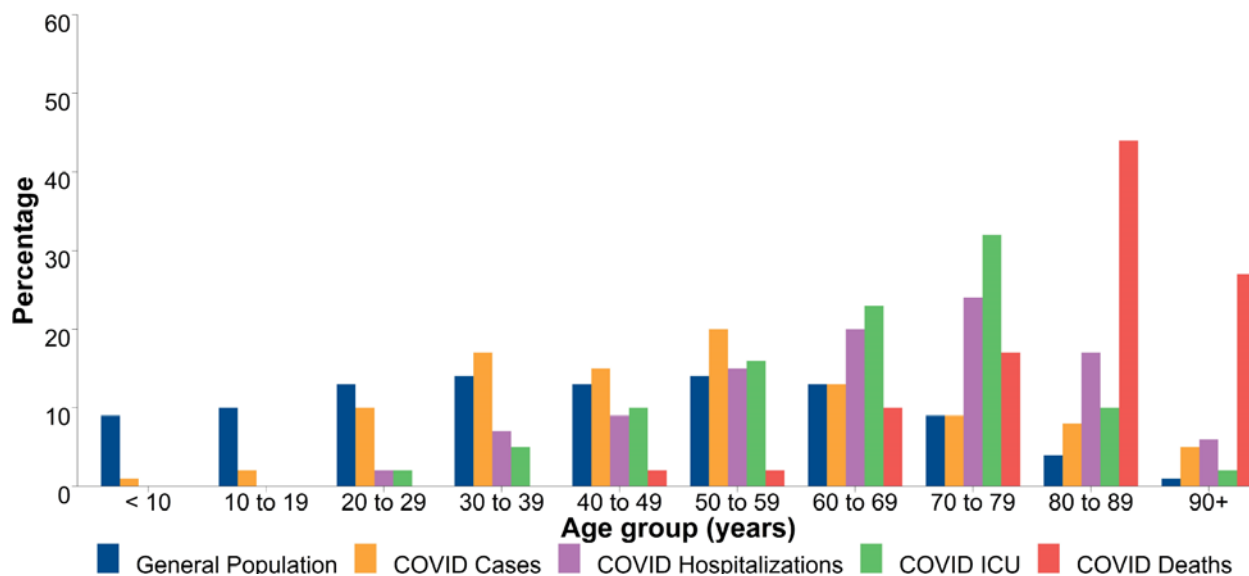
Figure 6: Number and proportion of SARS-CoV-2 positive respiratory specimens, BC, March 1 – May 10, 2020 (N=110,711; Positive=2.9%)



Data source: PLOVER extract on May 12, 2020. Methods and caveats: SARS-CoV-2 specimens are tallied at the specimen level by date the specimen was collected. The proportion positive on a given date may include new positive cases and retested positive cases; this may over-estimate proportionate positivity. Similarly, individuals may be tested repeatedly after becoming negative; this may under-estimate proportionate positivity. **As of March 16, testing guidelines included hospitalized patients, healthcare workers, long term care facility staff and residents, and those part of a cluster or outbreak who experienced respiratory symptoms. ***As of April 9, testing guidelines were expanded to include individuals with fever (>38°C) and cough or shortness of breath, including (a) residents of remote, isolated or Indigenous communities, (b) people living and working in congregate settings such as work-camps, correctional facilities, shelters, group homes, assisted living and seniors’ residences, (c) people who are homeless or have unstable housing, (d) essential service providers (e.g. first responders), or (e) returning travellers identified at a point of entry to Canada. In addition, health care providers can order a COVID-19 test for any patient based on their clinical judgment. ****As of Apr 21, the testing guidelines were further expanded to include all individuals with new respiratory or systemic symptoms compatible with COVID-19, however mild. Symptoms may include fever, chills, cough, shortness of breath, sore throat, odynophagia, rhinorrhea, nasal congestion, loss of sense of smell, headache, muscle aches, fatigue, or loss of appetite.

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Figure 7: Percentage distribution of COVID-19 cases, hospitalization, ICU admissions and deaths by age, compared to the general population† of BC, January 1 – May 12, 2020 (N=2,355*)



*Includes 2,355 cases, 474 hospitalizations, 173 ICU admissions, and 131 deceased with age information available.

† PEOPLE2019-2020 population estimates

Note: COVID hospitalizations have been reported in the <10y and 10-19y age groups but represent <1% of hospitalizations and are therefore not visible.

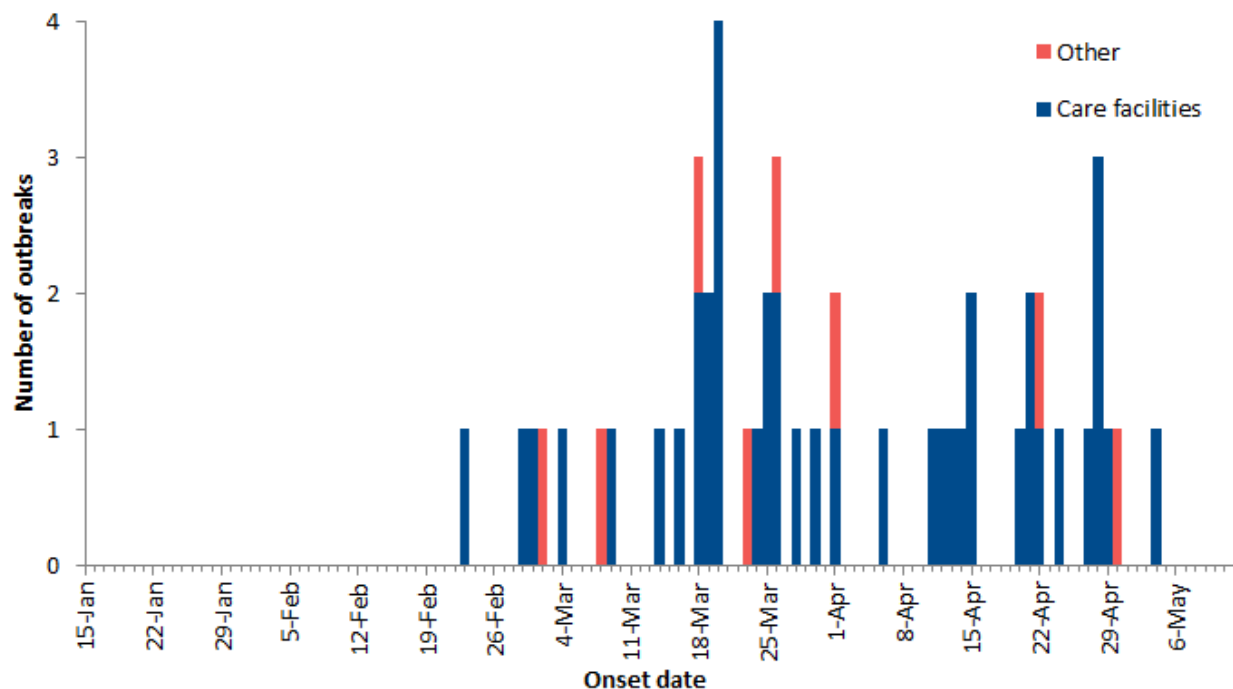
Table 3: Number and percentage distribution of COVID-19 cases, hospitalization, ICU admissions and deaths by age, compared to the general population of BC, January 1 – May 12, 2020 (N=2,355*)

Age groups	COVID cases n (%)	Cases ever hospitalized n (%)	Cases ever in ICU n (%)	COVID deaths n (%)	General population† n (%)
<10 Years	24 (1)	2 (<1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	468,280 (9)
10-19 Years	44 (2)	1 (<1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	507,197 (10)
20-29 Years	228 (10)	9 (2)	4 (2)	0 (0)	684,681 (13)
30-39 Years	405 (17)	31 (7)	8 (5)	0 (0)	730,523 (14)
40-49 Years	355 (15)	43 (9)	18 (10)	2 (2)	647,790 (13)
50-59 Years	461 (20)	70 (15)	28 (16)	2 (2)	721,355 (14)
60-69 Years	310 (13)	96 (20)	39 (23)	13 (10)	675,632 (13)
70-79 Years	222 (9)	113 (24)	56 (32)	22 (17)	436,179 (9)
80-89 Years	197 (8)	79 (17)	17 (10)	57 (44)	188,010 (4)
90+ Years	109 (5)	30 (6)	3 (2)	35 (27)	50,876 (1)
Total	2,355	474	173	131	5,110,523

*Only cases with age information available are included.

† PEOPLE2019-2020 population estimates

Figure 8: COVID-19 outbreaks* by earliest date**, BC, January 15 - May 12, 2020 (N=49)



* Care facility (acute/longterm care/independent living) outbreaks have at least one lab-confirmed COVID-19 staff or resident. Other outbreaks have two or more lab-confirmed COVID-19 cases diagnosed within a 14-day period in closed or common settings (e.g. penitentiary, shared living or work setting).

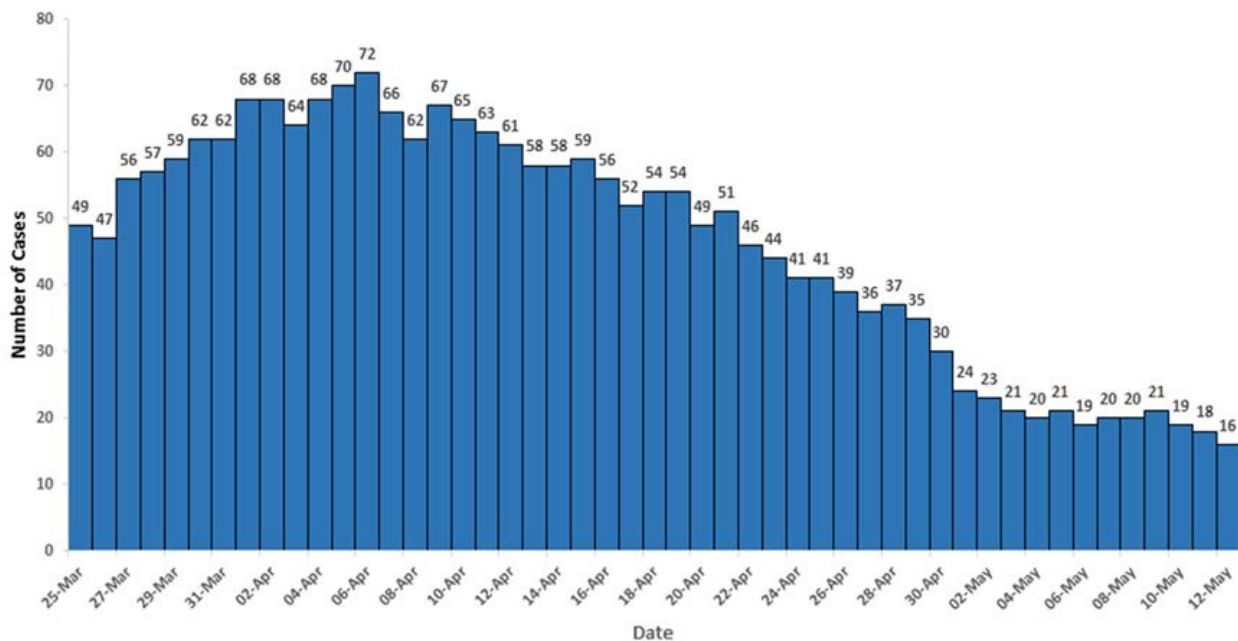
** Earliest date is date of onset of earliest case in the outbreak (or reported date of earliest case when onset is unavailable) or date outbreak was declared.

Table 4: Outbreak and case counts of reported COVID-19 reported outbreaks*, BC, January 15 - May 12, 2020 (N=49)

	Care facility	Other settings	Total
Outbreaks			
Total outbreaks	41	8	49
New since last report	0	0	0
Active outbreaks	20	5	25
Outbreaks declared over	21	3	24
Outbreak cases			
Total cases	482	366	848
Residents/patients	295	122	417
Staff/other	187	244	431
Total deaths	84	2	85
Residents/patients	84	1	86
Staff/other	0	1	1

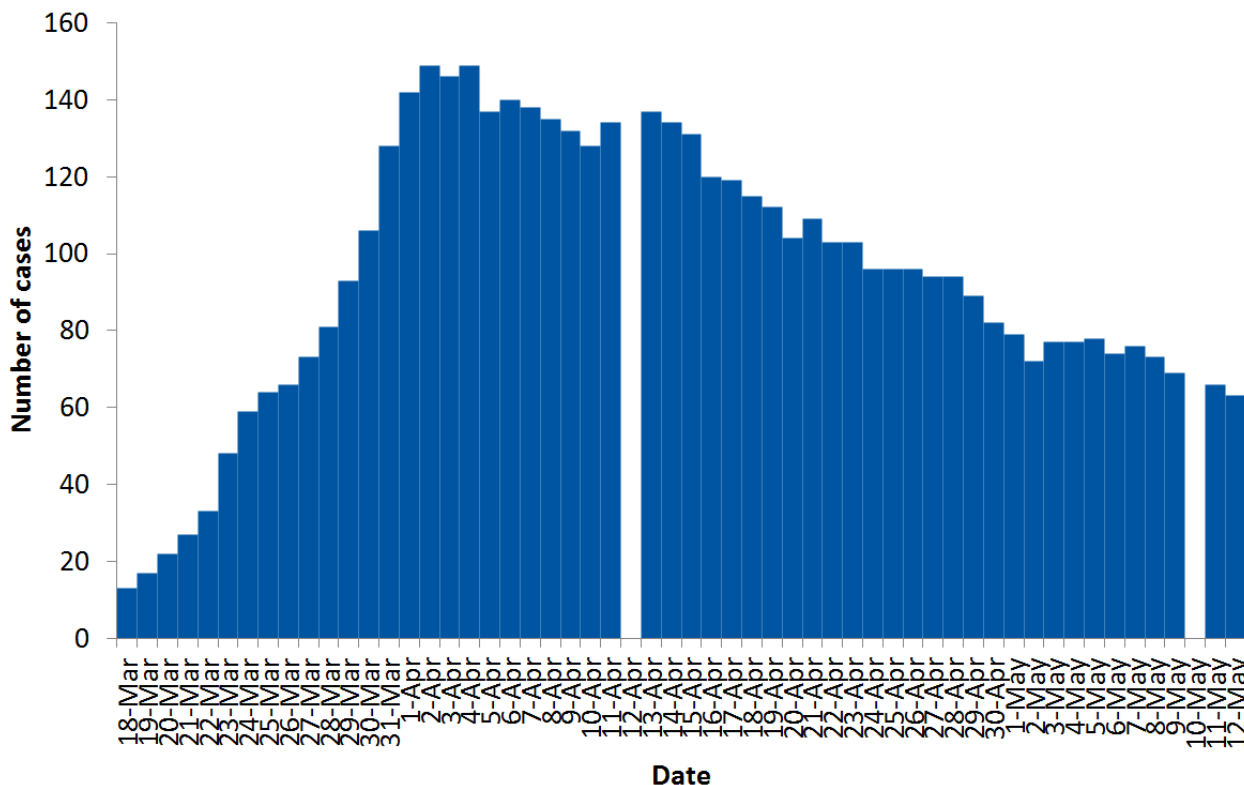
* Care facility (acute/longterm care/independent living) outbreaks have at least one lab-confirmed COVID-19 staff or resident. Other outbreaks have two or more lab-confirmed COVID-19 cases diagnosed within a 14-day period in closed or common settings (e.g. penitentiary, shared living or work setting).

Figure 9: Total positive COVID-19 cases in critical care by day, BC, March 25 - May 12, 2020



Data source: PHSA May 12. Note: critical care data may change over time due to small adjustments and improvements in data quality.

Figure 10: Number of COVID-19 cases in hospital by day, BC, March 18 - May 12, 2020



Data available starting March 18 and not available for April 12 and May 10.

Note: Hospitalization data may be incomplete or out of date (i.e., under-estimates) owing to the timing and process for case status update. Four hospitalisations were added starting on May 3 due to data corrections. This does not reflect new admissions on that day but rather admissions occurring prior and up to this time.