



Immigration Labour Force Survey 2012

B.C. Immigrants by Period of Landing

Who Has a Job?

*Population Aged 15+
(number in thousands)*

	Very Recent Immigrants	Recent Immigrants	Established Immigrants	Total Landed Immigrants	Canadian Born	
	134	126	851	1,111	2,565	

**Gap Between
Canadian Born
and Immigrants**
*(Canadian Born minus
Immigrants¹)*

% of the Population Aged 15+ With a Job

Total	56.7	58.5	52.6	53.8	63.2	9.4
<i>By Age</i>						
Age 15-24	37.8	38.6	51.6	44.4	57.4	13.0
Age 25-54	65.1	67.5	80.0	75.4	81.6	6.2
Age 55+	27.2	36.7	29.9	30.0	36.1	6.1
<i>By Gender (Age 15+)</i>						
Male	64.9	67.5	57.4	59.5	65.8	6.3
Female	49.2	50.8	48.3	48.7	60.6	11.9
<i>By Highest Level of Education (Age 25-54)</i>						
No degree, certificate or diploma	45.5	56.1	67.9	63.9	62.0	-1.9
High school graduate	57.1	59.6	78.3	73.1	78.6	5.5
High school graduate, some post-secondary	63.3	71.1	73.3	71.5	79.1	7.6
Post-secondary certificate or diploma	70.9	67.4	80.6	77.6	84.2	6.6
University degree	66.1	71.2	84.4	77.4	88.1	10.7
Bachelor's degree	67.5	69.6	83.0	76.7	87.5	10.8
Above bachelor's degree	62.7	74.0	87.8	79.3	89.8	10.5
<i>By CMA (Age 15+)</i>						
Abbotsford	53.5	56.9	52.8	53.2	62.9	9.7
Kelowna	*	*	51.6	52.7	65.0	12.3
Vancouver	55.8	57.7	55.8	56.0	66.4	10.4
Victoria	65.0	70.6	43.4	47.1	64.3	17.2



BCStats

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Who Is Unemployed?

*Number of Persons in Labour Force
(number in thousands)*

	Very Recent Immigrants	Recent Immigrants	Established Immigrants	Total Landed Immigrants	Canadian Born	Gap Between Canadian Born and Immigrants <i>(Canadian Born minus Immigrants¹)</i>
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	87	84	478	649	1,749	
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% of the Labour Force who are Unemployed

Total	12.7	11.8	6.3	7.9	7.3	-0.6
<i>By Age</i>						
Age 15-24	15.1	20.4	16.0	16.8	13.8	-3.0
Age 25-54	12.2	10.0	5.8	7.4	6.0	-1.4
Age 55+	*	*	6.0	6.7	5.2	-1.5
<i>By Gender (Age 15+)</i>						
Male	12.0	11.3	6.8	8.1	8.0	-0.1
Female	13.5	12.5	5.8	7.7	6.6	-1.1
<i>By Highest Level of Education (Age 25-54)</i>						
No degree, certificate or diploma	*	*	8.5	10.7	13.2	2.5
High school graduate	*	*	6.5	7.9	6.4	-1.5
High school graduate, some post-secondary	*	*	*	8.3	6.2	-2.1
Post-secondary certificate or diploma	10.8	14.7	6.2	7.7	5.9	-1.8
University degree	10.5	7.9	4.3	6.3	3.7	-2.6
Bachelor's degree	10.5	7.3	4.5	6.3	3.9	-2.4
Above bachelor's degree	*	*	*	6.5	3.3	-3.2
<i>By CMA (Age 15+)</i>						
Vancouver	13.3	11.9	6.6	8.3	6.7	-1.6



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	Very Recent Immigrants	Recent Immigrants	Established Immigrants	Total Landed Immigrants	Canadian Born	Gap Between Canadian Born and Immigrants <small>(Canadian Born minus Immigrants¹)</small>
Type of Jobs						
<i>Number of Employed Persons Aged 15+ (number in thousands)</i>	76	74	448	597	1,622	
% of Those Who are Employed						
<i>By Occupation (Age 15+)</i>						
Management occupations	6.6	8.1	10.7	9.9	9.8	-0.1
Business, finance and administrative occupations	16.6	13.6	18.0	17.3	17.2	-0.1
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	8.6	10.0	7.3	7.8	5.9	-1.9
Health occupations	5.4	7.3	8.5	7.9	6.0	-2.0
Occupations in social science, education, government service and religion	7.0	5.7	7.5	7.0	9.1	2.0
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.8	3.7	0.9
Sales and service occupations	35.6	29.6	25.3	27.1	26.2	-1.0
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	14.1	14.4	12.7	13.1	17.2	4.1
Occupations unique to primary industry	*	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.6	0.4
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	4.0	6.6	4.8	4.9	2.5	-2.4
<i>Hours Worked (Age 15+)</i>						
Part time	22.2	20.6	19.3	19.9	23.7	3.9
Full time	77.8	79.4	80.6	80.1	76.3	-3.9

* Estimate too unreliable to release.

1. A positive gap means that Canadian born individuals have a higher value for that variable than Immigrants and a negative gap means the opposite. For variables where higher values mean better outcomes (for example, the "% of the population with a job"), a positive gap means Immigrant performance is not as good as Canadian born performance. For variables where higher values mean worse outcomes (for example, the "% of the labour force who are unemployed"), a positive gap means Immigrant performance is better than Canadian born performance. The greater the number, the greater the inequality between the two groups. For variables that measure a societal good, such as education achievements or a societal bad such as unemployment rates, the goal is to minimize the gap between the two groups.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey

Produced by: BC Stats